## **EU-Japan EPA HELPDESK**

# EU – JAPAN EPA: What's in for the AGRI-FOOD Sector?



www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk

Under the supervision of

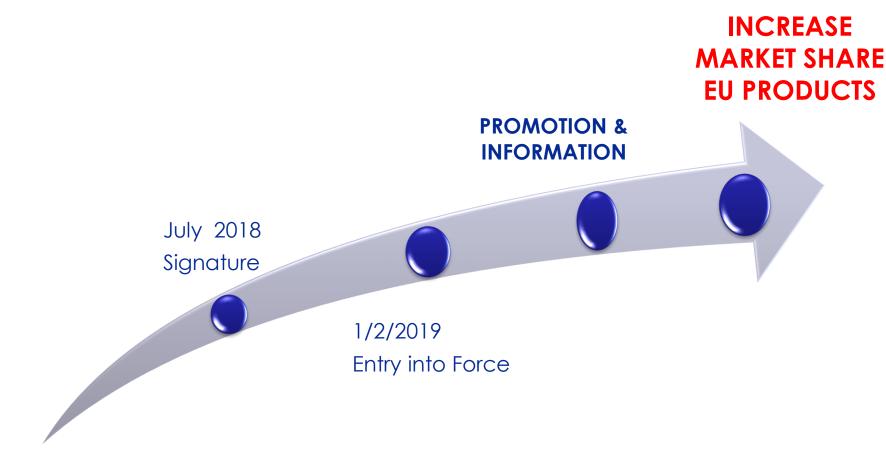


Commission





## **EPA Process**





www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk





#### Market Access

- Types of tariff concessions
- Meat: Beef & Pigmeat
- Cheeses & other Dairy
- Alcoholic: Wine, Beer & Spirits
- Fruit & Vegetables
- Processed Agri Products
- Fishery Products
- Geographical Indications
- Rules of Origin
- Sources further Information





Managed by

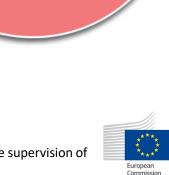
EU-Japan Centre for Industrial Cooperation 日欧産業協力センター

**SMEs** 

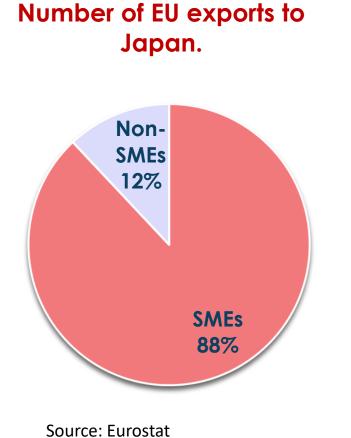
www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk

Under the supervision of

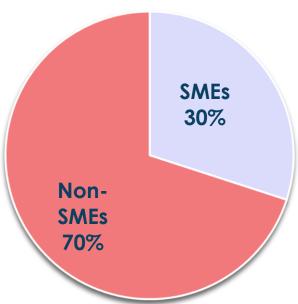




# Δ









## MARKET ACCESS Types of EPA Concessions

Туре	EPA Code	Description
Immediate Liberalisation	A	Japan's base rate is eliminated at the entry into force of the Agreement Most of those tariff lines <b>are not listed in Japan's</b> <b>EPA tariff schedule</b>
Duty elimination spread over a period	В	Gradual elimination of Japan's base rate over a period of time. the zero duty will be applied in subsequent years.
Duty reduction spread over a period	R	Gradual reduction of Japan's base rate to a certain level. The final reduced level will be applied in subsequent years.
Tariff rate quotas	TRQ	TRQs allow for one of the above preferences within the limits of an annual import quantity.
Exclusion	Х	Tariff lines excluded from any preference



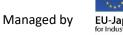




- Drastic tariff reduction: from 38.5% to 9% in 15 years.
- High safeguard trigger (50.500 t after 10 years) which may disappear on the long run.
- Gradual increase of EU exports after long lasting BSE ban ...











# ► EU most important agri export : 1.2 bn€ > 30% of import market share.



- Meat fresh, chilled and frozen: almost tariff elimination (specific duty divided by 10!)
- Sausages and pork preparations: full tariff elimination in 5 years
- Temporary safeguard (10 years) low snapback duty
- MFN safeguard not applicable to EU products



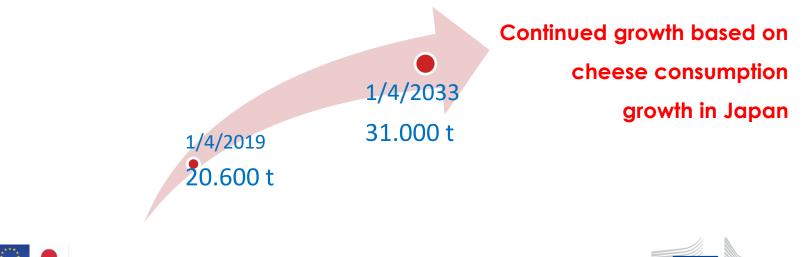






#### Hard cheeses: duty free in 15 years

#### Soft and processed cheeses: TRQ duty free after 16 yrs.





y EU-Japan Centre for Industrial Cooperation 日欧産業協力センター

www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk

Under the supervision of

8



#### Whey products:

- Drastic tariff reductions or almost tariff elimination over time with transitional TRQs, depending on mineral and protein content, etc.
- Skimmed milk powder (SMP):
  - Important TRQ together with butter
  - To note: <u>SMP for feeding</u>: 95% tariff reduction
- Lactose: duty elimination
- Ice cream: important duty reduction







- Wine sector: > € 800 million / 13% of EU total agri exports to Japan.
- ► EPA: duty free for EU wines since1 February 2019 → level playing field with Chili and Australia
- Facilitation for EU oenological practices
- Gl protection of more than 100 EU wine names



\*\*\*\* EU-Japan Centre for Industrial Cooperation 日欧産業協力センター

www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk



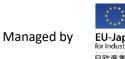


## **SPIRITS & BEERS**

Already MFN duty free for all beers and most of the spirits

Remaining duties for spirits eliminated since 1 Feb 2019 (gin, Genever, vodka, etc.).

GI protection for 28 spirits and 6 beers









# Most of the fresh fruit and vegetables were liberalised upon the EIF of the Agreement

A few products will be liberalised in max. 10 years.

- Onions (5yrs), sweetcorn (3yrs), sweet potatoes (5yrs), nuts (5 or 10yrs), bananas (10yrs), apples (10yrs), oranges (5 or 10yrs), cherries (5yrs).









#### Same scenario:

#### Most of the processed fresh fruit and vegetables were liberalised upon the EIF of the Agreement

#### Main products not liberalised at EIF but at a later stage:

- not roasted ground nuts: 5 to 7 yrs.
- sweet-corn prepared or preserved by vinegar: 5 yrs.
- tomatoes prepared, other than whole or in pieces: 5 yrs.
- French mushrooms: 5 yrs.
- frozen cooked potatoes: 3 yrs frozen mashed potatoes: 5 yrs.
- jams of citrus fruit with added sugar: 5 yrs.
- juices:

Managed by

- citrus: 5 or 10 yrs.
- tomato: 5 yrs.
- apple: 7 or 10 yrs.
- mixtures: 3, 5 or 10 yrs.



www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk





## **VEGETABLE OILS**

- A number of vegetable oils (including olive oil , palm oil, coconut oil, palm kernel oil) are duty free (MFN or EPA)
- > Others will have duties phased out in:
  - 5 years, including soya bean oil, sunflower seed oil, rape and colza oil;
  - > 10 years, including ground nut oil and maize (corn) oil.



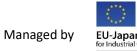






#### **Most important products:**

Label	Preference
Biscuits, cookies, pastry cakes, bread, breakfast cereals, rusks, waffles, uncooked pasta, pizza, uncooked macaroni, malt extract, couscous	Gradual duty elimination within 5 to 10 years
Mixes and doughs and cake mixes	Duty free within a TRQ of max. 14.200t on 1/4/2023
Food preparations made primarily of wheat	Duty free within a TRQ of max. 3.000t on 1/4/2023
Food preparations containing more than 50% sucrose, and coca powder	Duties gradually reduced by 50% by 1/4/2028 within a TRQ of max. 130t



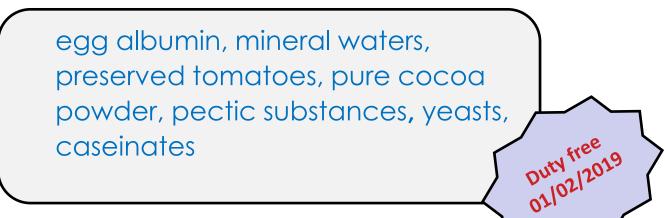
**EU-Japan Centre** for Industrial Cooperation 日欧産業協力センター

www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk



## **OTHER PROCESSED AGRI PRODUCTS**

Duty free since1 February 2019 for:



Wheat related food preparations and barley, wheat flours etc.: Sizeable TRQs



www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk



## **OTHER PROCESSED AGRI PRODUCTS**

Duty free in maximum 10 years for:

Spaghetti, pastries, waffles, breakfast cereals, biscuits, Chocolates and choc. confectionary Candies and sugar confectionary, Tomato puree, Several food preparations, Esterified starches







## A few Remaining Agri Products ...

Product	EPA Concession		
Natural	Duty phasing out in 7 years		
honey			
(HS04.09)			
Fodder	Free trade since EIF		
(HS12.14)			
Yeast	Free trade since EIF		
(HS21.02)			
Seeds	Free trade since EIF		
Starches	Esterified starches: duty free as from 1/4/2023		
	Dextrins and other modified starches & glues: duties phased		
	out in 10 years		







## **FISHERY PRODUCTS**

All fishery products CH03, CH1504 and CH16:

- were already duty free at MFN level, <u>or</u>
- have been liberalised as an EPA concession at the EIF, or
- will be gradually liberalised as an EPA concession in max. 15 years.
- <u>exception</u>: whale oil (150430.010): excluded.

A few examples ...

Jap. Code	Label	Base Rate MFN	Pref. Rate 1/4/20 - 31/3/21	EPA Preference
030235.010	Fresh or chilled Atlantic bluefin tunas	3.5%	1.8%	Base rate phased out in 5 years
030235.020	Fresh or chilled Pacific bluefin tunas	3.5%	2.5%	Base rate phased out in 10 years
030487.050	Frozen yellowfin bigeye tunas	3.5%	0%	Duty free since EIF
030214.000	Fresh or chilled Atlantic salmon	3.5%	0%	Duty free since EIF
160300.090	Extracts and juices of fish or crustaceans	9.6%	0%	Duty free since EIF



日欧産業協力センター

Managed by

www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk



Full protection for 210 EU GIs (wines, spirits and foodstuffs):

- Direct protection of GIs under the EPA.
- Relation between GIs and Trade Marks (TMs):
  - no registration in Japan of subsequent TMs;
  - coexistence with pre-existing TMs is addressed.
- Listed prior uses to expire within 5 or 7 years
- Possibility to add new GIs in the future.









#### **GENERALITIES**

- to benefit from an EPA preference: product must be <u>originating</u> in the EU or Japan.
- to be <u>originating</u> the product must comply with:
  - the provisions "Rules of Origin" of the EPA text (Chapter 3), including the basic requirements to originating, and
  - the Product Specific Rules (PSR) for each product (Annexes 3A/3B and Appendix 3-B-1): further requirements in order to be originating.

These requirements can include:

- a change in tariff classification
- a production process
- a maximum value of non-originating materials
- a minimum regional value content



www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk



**RULES OF ORIGIN** i

#### A FEW EXAMPLES ...

HS CODE	LABEL	PSR	COMMENTS
Chapter 08	Edible fruit	Wholly obtained	Products must be of EU/Japan origin
Heading 20.01	Prepared fruit and vegetables	CC	Non-EU/Japan originating materials may be used in the production of the goods if these materials are classified under another <b>Chapter</b>
Heading 1806	Chocolates and other cocoa preparations	<ul> <li>CTH, provided that:</li> <li>the total weight of the non-originating materials of CH4 (dairy) and of Heading 19.01 (food preparations) used does not exceed 10% of the weight of the product; and</li> <li>the total weight of the non-originating materials of Headings 17.01 (cane or beet sugar) and 17.02 (other sugars) used does not exceed 30% of the weight of the product;</li> </ul>	Non-EU/Japan originating materials may be used in the production of the goods if these materials are classified under another <b>Heading</b> , and the 2 conditions are satisfied.







## **INFORMATION SOURCES**

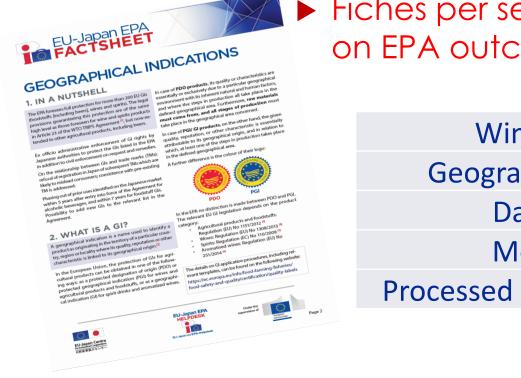
EPA text and Annexes: http://trade.ec.europa.eu/doclib/press/index.cf m?id=1684 Of which: Annex 2-A: Schedule and Notes (TRQ, etc); Annex 2-E: Facilitation of wine export; Annex 3-B: Product specific rules of origin; Annex 14-B: Gls.





## **INFORMATION SOURCES**

EPA Helpdesk: https://www.eu-japan.eu/epahelpdesk



Managed by

EU-Japan Centre

for Industrial Cooperation

日欧産業協力センター

Fiches per sectors and webinars on EPA outcome

> Wines and Spirits Geographical Indications Dairy Products Meat Products Processed Agricultural Products



24

www.eu-japan.eu/epa-helpdesk



**Overall import conditions in Japan**:

European Commission DG TRADE: "Access2Markets Database":

https://trade.ec.europa.eu/access-tomarkets/en/content/welcome-access2markets-market-accessdatabase-users

Import procedures - Japan. Min. Health Labour & Welfare:

https://www.mhlw.go.jp/english/topics/importedfoods/1.html

Japan's Customs:

http://www.customs.go.jp/english/c-answer\_e/imtsukan/1524\_e.htm

European Commission DG AGRI "Food and Beverage Handbook –  $\succ$ Japan":

> https://ec.europa.eu/chafea/agri/content/food-and-beveragemarket-entry-handbook-japan





## **INFORMATION SOURCES**

### European Commission (DG TAXUD) – Rules of Origin:

- https://ec.europa.eu/taxation\_customs/business/calculation-customsduties/rules-origin\_en
- https://ec.europa.eu/taxation\_customs/business/internationalaffairs/international-customs-cooperation-mutual-administrativeassistance-agreements/japan\_en
- https://ec.europa.eu/taxation\_customs/sites/taxation/files/eu\_japan\_ epa\_guidance\_claim\_verification\_denial\_en.pdf

### European Commission: Geographical Indications

https://ec.europa.eu/info/food-farming-fisheries/food-safetyand-quality/certification/quality-labels





# **EU-Japan EPA HELPDESK**

## Thank you for your attention

#### Yvan VAN EESBEEK Consultant at the EU-Japan Centre for Industrial Cooperation

## **QUESTIONS**?

This presentation has been prepared with the sole purpose of simplifying the understanding of some parts of the EU-Japan EPA and bears no legal standing.



EU-Japan Centre Industrial Cooperation



Under the supervision of



27